Torrance Herald

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KING WILLIAMS - GLENN W. PFEIL REID L. BUNDY - Managing Editor

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This Week's Motto:

A sweetie pie isn't generally a bride's first one.

A Shocker

A shocker to ponder was a recent television discussion of the John Birch Society when Dr. John C. Bennett, dean of New York's Theological Seminary violently objected to the suggestion to use Christian churches to fight Communism.

Shocking is the disclosure that there is any highlyplaced Christian anywhere who can't see peril to his religion from a political dogma that is Godless, has no respect for the dignity of the human being as an individual and would have sent Christ to Siberia long before He grew to

Time to Vaccinate

Recent controversy over the American Medical Assn.'s endorsement of the Sabin oral polio vaccine seems to have caused some confusion on the part of the public about polio vaccines.

Charges have been made that the AMA endorsement is too early. The Sabin oral vaccine is not yet available to the public, and will not be available until after the high incidence polio season this year.

Whether or not the Sabin vaccine is more or less effective against polio is a question that scientists and physicians must decide after extensive testing. The Salk vaccine, which must be given by needle, is available now, and it is more than 90 per cent effective against paralytic

The HERALD continues its practice of reporting the time and location of all polio clinics in the area, and we urge all parents to have their children, and themselves, vaccinated with the Salk vaccine now. If you have had a series of shots in the past year, a booster shot will provide added protection.

The technical controversy should not concern you at this time. Get your family started today on a series of Salk vaccine shots and be protected during the high incidence period during August and September.

What's A Billion?

With the federal spenders bandying about multi-billion dollar projects almost daily, it doesn't hurt occasionally to refresh our memories as to just what a billion dollars

If a billion dollars had been set aside at the birth of Christ, and \$1000 of it drawn out and spent daily since then, would there be any left today 1961 years later? The answer, of course, is yes-nearly 300 million dollars.

Now 300 million dollars isn't much by today's standards; but, it's not a bad nest egg to have left after almost 2000 years of spending more than a dollar a minute.

Those Expense Accounts

The proposed clampdown on business expense allowances is about as ludicrous as criticism leveled at Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy's highly original and successful party for Pakistan's President staged at historic Mt. Vernon.

Of course, some business extravangances are unjustifiable, but, any primary mathematician can discover in a hurry that the government probably makes rather than loses money from the practice of entertaining customers. Without the much maligned expense account there would be thousands of restaurants forced out of business and their employes placed on the unemployed lists. The restaurants, faced with declining revenue, would cease to pay income taxes because they would have losses. They wouldn't be spending money on improvements and business expansion, so eagerly sought by the administration in power, would slacken. Building tradesmen and suppliers all down the line would suffer and union workmen would be without jobs. It is so simple one wonders why the expense account has even earned top billing as a subject by the President

Correct the abuses, of course, but don't cut off the circulation of money that is creating jobs, prosperity and more taxes.

The ship carries 2400 passive for a cruising speed of 27% knots.

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Opinions of Others

"A miser might be pretty tough to live with but he makes a mighty good ancestor."—C. J. Del Vaglio, Thomaston (Conn.) Express.

"This automation we hear so much about these days is something that gets all the work done while you just sit there. When you were younger this process was called Mother."—Richard Mayer Jr., North Vernon (Ind.) Sun.

"I want no part of outer space, you keep your moon and star; give me one bit of inner space, where I can park my car."-S. E. Mekeel, Ovid (N. Y.) Independent.

"We read that a form of baseball was a favorite sport of the ancient Greeks. We do remember something about a Homer."—Martha Goode, Highlands (N. C.) Highlander.





On Maiden Voyage

New Ocean Liner Makes First Call at Harbor

(HERALD reporter Jerry Reynolds was with a group of area newsmen and magazine writers when the S.S. CANBERRA entered the Port on Long Beach last Sunday on her maiden voyage. His story of the tour and of the ship are printed here.)

By JERRY REYNOLDS
Waves rippled against the dock on the gray Sunday morning as newsmen and port officials awaited the arrival of a big, gleaming white liner at berth 24 in the Port of Long Beach. On the dock a rather playful kangaroo kept Miss Australia hopping while water skiers and small craft moved about the harbor.

Suddenly the fire boats began to spray their welcome

gan to spray their welcome and ships sounded their whistles, the band struck up a lively tune and the new queen of the Pacific sailed gracefully into the harbor.

She paused momentarily as the port pilot boarded the big ship. Tugs took up their stations and the S.S. CANBERRA began to ease toward her berth. On board so me 1800 passengers and members of her 1000-man crew stood on the decks waving to friends and relatives — and

friends and relatives — and the kangaroo. We boarded the ship and went to the Bonito Club, a wood-paneled room with a dance floor and a small bar, for welcoming ceremonies.
Commodore Geoffrey A.
Wild, captain of the liner,
and Sir Donald Anderson,
chairman of the board of P charman of the board of P&O Orient Lines, owners of the vessel, received officials of the port and city digna-tories. Then we were off for a tour of the ship.

The CANBERRA is a new liner—all the way from her design to her controls and passenger conveniences. Sleek, gentle lines and twin funnels, located at the aft portion of the ship are like nothing yet seen on the ocean. She's powered by twin drive shafts connected to the main engines which are cap-

Gains

and **Brains**

Many people show tendencies to act or talk as if they are superior to their fellowmen. Such behavior generally comes from too much praise or wealth. The lives of these individuals are examples of too high self-esteem. When one places himself or herself above others, that person is depriving himself, or herself, of the joy of living. Others avoid the self-esteeme person, if possible. "He that loveth life shall lose it." John 12:25).

sengers, or 200 more than the QUEEN ELIZABETH, making her the world's largest passenger carrying liner. At a gross tonage of 45,000 tons, she is the fifth largest liner in the world and gueen of the in the world and queen of the 17-ship fleet of P & O Orient Lines.

Built at a cost of 15 million

English pounds, about 40 million American dollars, she was financed by the company without a government sub-sidy She will ply the Pa-cific, Indian, and Atlantic Oceans from South Hampton, England, to Vancouver San Francisco and Long Beach.

Fourteen decks, one more than other passenger liners, and plenty of extra passenger space are possible because if the liberal use of aluminum in her superstructure. The engines are compacted into the aft part of the ship and extensive soundproofing provide added quiet for her passengers. Plush fittings throughout the ship testify to the line's concern for the

Passengers are divided into tourist and first class and each has its own dining salon. The tourist class salon is the

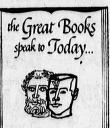
The tourist class saion is the largest afloat, seating 704 people at one time.

Other features of the ship include four pools, including one for crew members, several large reading and writing rooms, children's play rooms, and a teen canteen where the teenagers are enternally to the te where the teenagers are encouraged to write their names on the walls.

Sunday's entry into the Port of Long Beach concluded the CANBERRA's maiden vovage from South Hampton. She left the harbor last Monday evenings to return via Honolulu, Sidney, and the Suez Canal to her home port. The round trip re-

quires exactly three months, and she will sail into Long Beach again on Nov. 3.

We left the liner after a full day on board almost regretfully — by now she has docked in Hawaii.



The Life of Variety

It must be kept in mind that seamanship, just like anything else, is a matter of art and will not admit of being taken up occasionally as an occupation for times of leisure. On the contrary, it is so exacting as to leave leisure for nothing else.

-THUCYDIDES (c. 360-c 400 B.C.) Greek historian

All the sciences are so interconnected, it is much easier to study them all together than to isolate one from all the others.

RENE DESCARTES, (1596-1650)

French scientist
Constant labor of one uniform kind destroys the intensity and flow of a man's animal spirits, which find recreation and delight in mere change of activity.

—KARL MARX (1818-83)

German political philosopher

By CLAY R. POLLAN

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APRIL 20

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To develop message for Thursday, read words corresponding to numbers of your Zediac birth sign.

Town of the property of the pro D1- 5- 7-15-35-87-TAURL APR 9.22-39-42 44-78-84-89 CANCER JULY 23 3-28-54-74 2. 8.21.26 53.67.69 LEO JULY 24 AUG. 23 234.36.38.40 VIRGO VIRGO AUG. 24 SEPT. 22 4-14-25-30 AQUARIUS AN. 21 FEB. 19 59-63-64-65 71-73-77 41-48-51-55

AFTER HOURS By John Morley

Concern Expressed Over Nuclear Age Presidency

In other words, the people summer lecture forum series in Pittsburgh at Carnegie Hall on "The World in The Nuclear Age." In the question period much anxiety was raised by my audiences on the qualifications of our fits or death to williams of the people have no direct control over the appointments of these key men, plus other White House advisors, who may be called upon to make decisions which could mean life or death to williams of the people have no direct control over the appointments of these people have no direct control over the appointments of these people have no direct control over the appointments of these people have no direct control over the appointments of these people have no direct control over the appointments of these people have no direct control over the appointments of these key men, plus other White the qualifications of our future presidents in a world so vulnerable to nuclear crisis.

The discussion emphasized The discussion emphasized that electing a president entirely from a strong political base, with the main object to win often at a great sacrifice of proper qualifications in international affairs, is danmerhational artars, is directly of the nation. The world around us has changed radically . . . but politics has not changed with it. This is the gist of the issue and amplifies similar vertex to the constantly in anxieties I hear constantly in my forums across the nation.

Actually the American peo-ple do not choose their candidates for president. It is done for the most part by party leaders . . . in some cases by unprincipled political bosses . . as well as by elections in the various states. In this way both parties pre-In this way both parties pre-sent to the nation their can-didates for the presidency.

In all cases these two candidates in the opinion of the party leadership represent the men with the best chance to win . . . not necessarily with the best qualifications. Strong considerations other than qualifications are prominent in their selection . . . and prominent in their election to the White House as well.

On election day the voters elect a president and vice-president. From then on the president appoints all cab-inet members, ambassadors, advisors and top officials of the government.

These important posts are filled primarily with individuals of the president's own political party, most of whom helped to get him elected. This is true also of ambassadors who for the most part are appointed on the basis of a contribution to the political a contribution to the political pot and not on the basis of experience in foreign affairs. The few exceptions of strictly career appointments are in the minority.

or death to millions of Americans. We believe this practice to be detrimental to the security of the nation.

With every new adminis-tration the President, upon the advice of his national the advice of his national party leadership, selects among other key officials the ambassadors of the United States. With each administration every ambassador must be re-appointed.

Some of the newly appointed ambassadors — and some already appointed by the previous administration . . . are just not competent to serve because of their lack

serve because of their lack of training in languages, political history and experience in foreign affairs, especially the nation to which they are appointed. In our opinion this is the weakest link in U.S. foriegn policy... for an inexperienced a m b as s a do r cannot forewarn the president and the state department with impending dangers until the dangers explode in serve because of their lack until the dangers explode in

We were not forewarned, fo instance, with the revolts in Hungary, Lebanon, France, Iraq, Turkey, Egypt, Japan, the Congo, Laos, in time to prepare our strategy. Of prepare

our face.

course there are exceptions
... for even the most competent career ambassador
cannot always foresee a crisis. petent But, as in most cases above, our diplomatic representation was found wanting. In the case of the Congo and Laos thère was not a single American diplomat who could speak the language or a dialect of the Congolese or

Laction people.

The factor of wisdom of experience in international affairs must weigh heavily on affairs must weigh heavily on our future presidents, when the weapons of destruction and the speed of delivery overwhelm the imagination of man. This is, a time for serious reappraisal of the presidency and the kind of the future.

The time has passed when party machines, propaganda, publicity and TV glamour elect a man to the White House, without long experience in international affairs in a post abroad, as well as direct experience at home. For international affairs have become our main factor of survival in a world where not two but twenty nations will have the capability of un-leashing a nuclear crisis in the next few years.

It has been said often that It has been said often that we get the kind of government we want. This is only partially true. We seem to get the kind of government that a few politicians want, from the precincts of our cities to the highest political places in the land

places in the land.
We get the kind of government that a small active minority wants, for it is a very small minority which selects the presidential can-didates of both parties, and millions of voters have no other choice but to vote for those chosen by the party

those chosen by the party machinery.

Some good men are selected in this way . . . but they are in the minority. For this hind of self-ind here places. kind of political base places more emphasis on the candi-date who can win than on the candidate with the greatest ability to serve the na-

Proof of this was apparent in the nomination of Dwight Eisenhower over Robert Taft in 1952 . . . and that of John Kennedy over Adlai Steven-son in 1960. It is generally conceded by the most astute leaders of both parties that Taft and Stevenson were far better qualified for the presidency.

"Qualifications for Presidency Need Change" will appear in next issue of "After Hours." Our ideas will be based on some thirty years experience on the sidelines of White House politics . . and in covering some of the most qualified and unqualified political leaders around the world. and unqualfied political leaders around the world.

Law in Action

Judge May be Disqualified

day the district attorney dis-

qualified one judge as favor-ing the accused, and the ac-

Now and then a judge takes himself out of a trial where he may not be able to

where he may not be able to give an unbiased opinion.

He may have some stake in the case, know one of the parties well, or have some relationship with the lawyers. To avoid any doubt he disqualifies himself. As a rule, if a party asks a judge to disqualify himself and gives his reason, the judge will bow out. will bow out.

But there are ways to disqualify a judge who won't bow out on his own. Either party in a criminal case may disqualify one (and only one) judge just by saying in a sworn statement without fur-ther proof that he believes the judge is prejudiced against the lawyer or his client. Another judge will hear the case.

cused and his lawyer disqualfied a second judge as favor-ing the prosecution. Both sides, having used up their chanllenges, had to take the next judge assigned to the Why just one disqualifica-tion? Well, otherwise cases might never come to trial, especially in those with many parties with different inter-ests on both sides. For in

some criminal cases one ac-cused person may be trying to shift the guilt to others on

Of course, many judges could be disqualified for actual proved prejudice. In such an event, a party can ask for

another court to remove the judge which it may do, if evidence shows that the judge might be unfair. These measures seek to in-sure confidence in our court system by nutting a judge

system by putting a judge above suspicion of prejudice. One may also challenge and remove a prospective juror in

1. Each side has "peremptory challenges" to remove a juror for any reason or for no reason at all, six in a civil. case, ten in a criminal case (twenty if the case involves a possible death penalty).

a possible death penalty).

2. Challenges for cause
have no limit; the judge must.
remove a juror whenever
either side can show actual
bias

During Week

July 23, 1877 — The first municipal railroad in the U.S.

municipal railroad in the U.S. began service in Cincinnati, Ohio. the Cincinnati Southern Railway ran between Cincinnati, Ludlow and Somerset, Ky.

July 25, 1823 — Sweden's King Gustavus I took over Finland, and reigned until 1860 bringing the Reformation to Finns Finland became independent in 1919.

July 27, 1775 — America's July 27, 1775 — America's first Surgeon General, Dr. Benjamin Churca, began service in the Continental Army. He served until Oct. 16, when it was discovered he was a spy. He escaped on a British



". . . another nice thing . . . if you run out of gas you can pick it up and carry it to the marest ask station"